



Mine.io Architecture & Digital Framework for the Digital Mine

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At a glance

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 - The Gap
2. The Vision
 - Mine.io concept
 - Our approach
3. High-Level Reference Architecture (HLRA)
 - Layer: Mining Physical Operations
 - Layer: Mine.io Platform
 - Layer: Services & Applications
4. Closing the loop
 - Value & Impact

Challenges in Modern Mining Operations

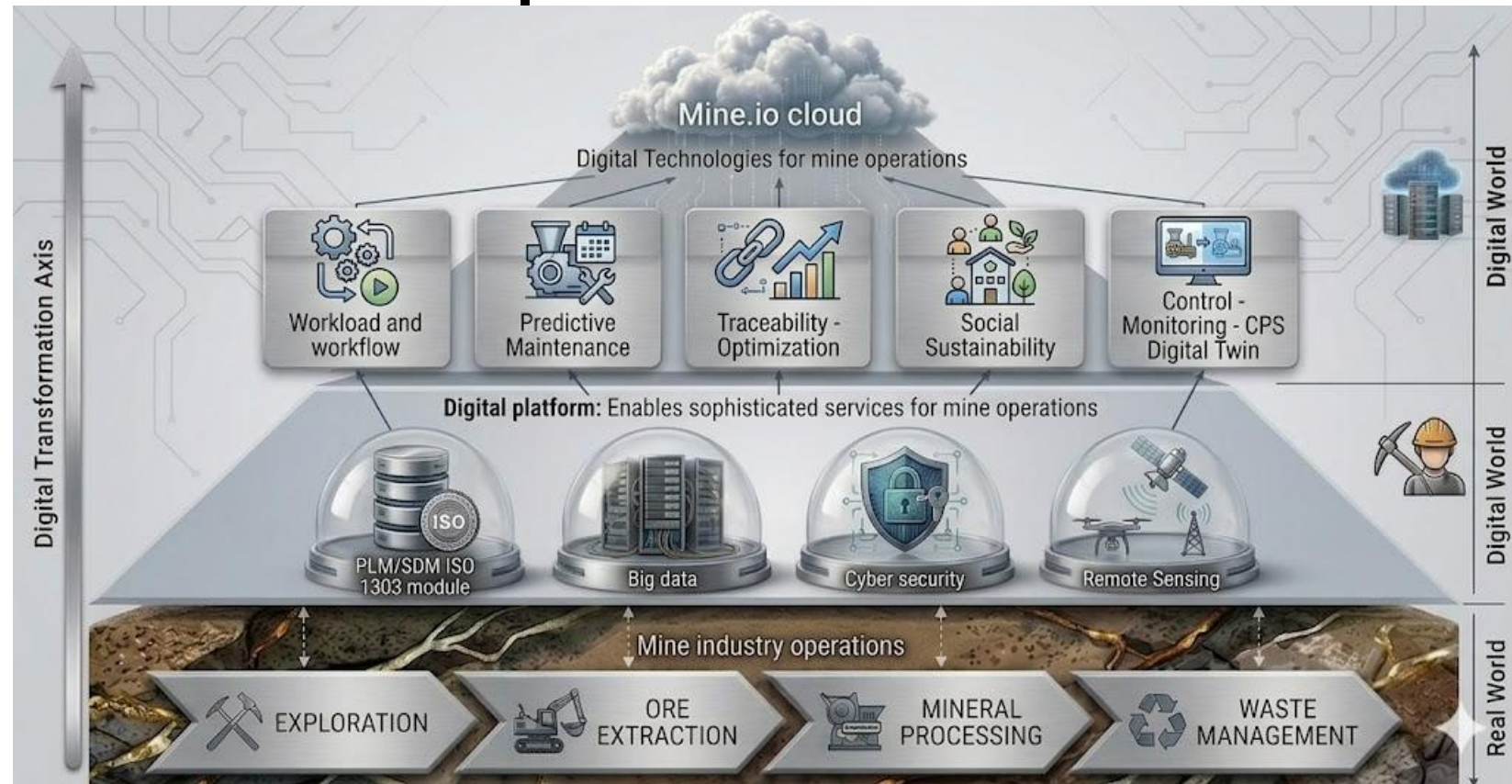
- Fragmented data ecosystems across mining sites
- Limited interoperability between systems and stakeholders
- Increasing complexity of environmental, operational, and safety requirements
- Need for real-time decision-making under harsh and distributed conditions

The Gap – Lack of Digitalization

- Legacy systems and siloed data
 - No existing data from mine operations
 - If data exists are siloed
- Limited adoption of real-time data pipelines
- Absence of unified data governance and standards
- Inefficient data exploitation for predictive and prescriptive analytics

The Vision – Mine.io Concept

- A pathway to digital transformation of mine industry
 - Connect the mine operations with the digital world
- Open, interoperable, and scalable digital platform
 - Supporting mine operations with innovative technologies and services
 - Edge-to-cloud integration for data acquisition and processing
- Layered approach



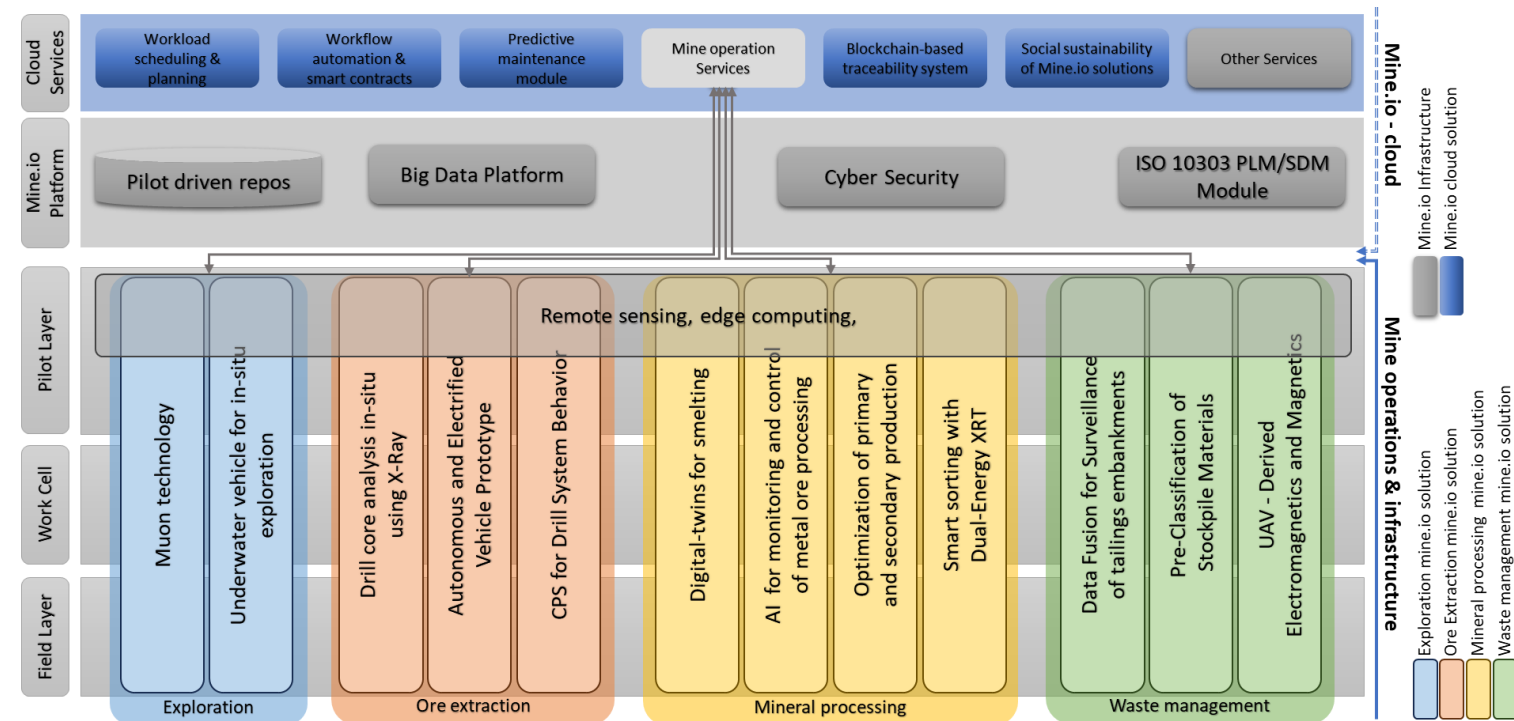
The Approach – Layered Architecture

Define a modular and scalable architecture:

- Decoupling of data acquisition, mine infrastructure, and services
- Enabling incremental integration of new pilots and systems
- Providing innovative Mine.io technologies for the mining operations
- Supporting cross-site and cross-domain interoperability
- Supporting cloud services
 - Proposed by Mine.io project
 - Provide standardized data access and integration with external services

Mine.io High-Level Reference Architecture

- Offered Technologies pillars in the mine layer
- End-to-end data flow:
 - End to end flow from edge – platform – services
- Integration of heterogeneous data sources
- Security-by-design and governance mechanisms
- 3 Layer approach:
 - Mine Physical operations Layer
 - Mine.io platform Layer
 - Cloud Service Layer



HLRA: Mine physical operations Layer

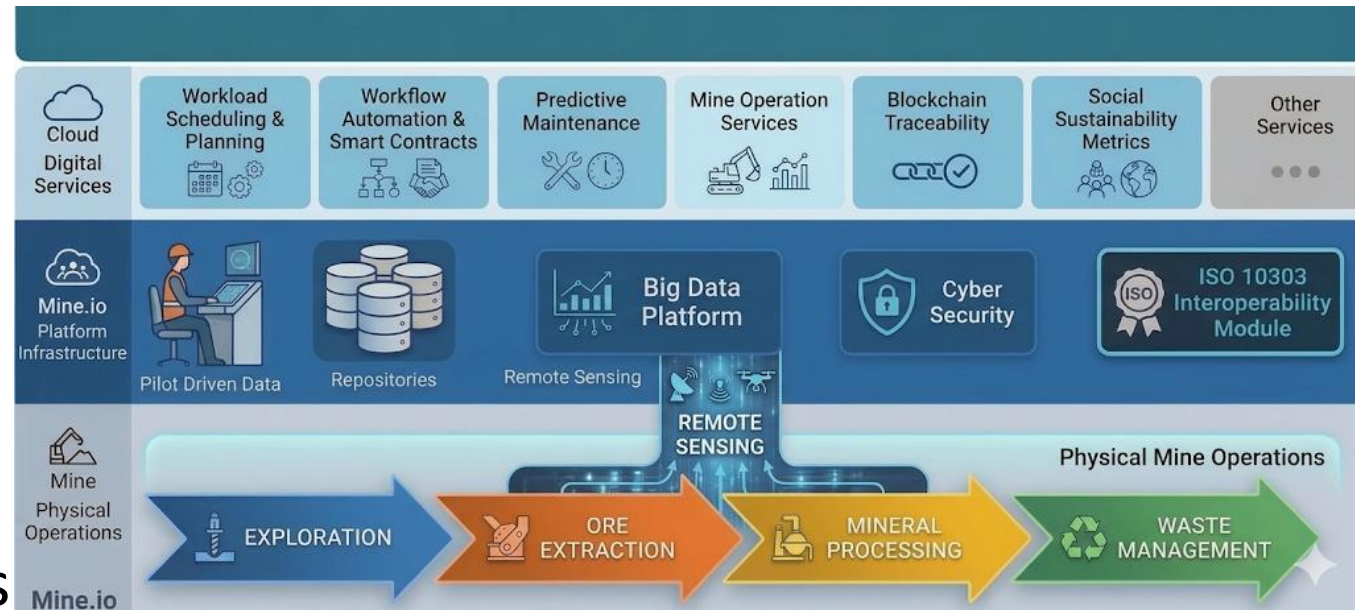
Operation Layer: Data Generation at Source

- Mining operations
 - Exploration, ore extraction, mineral processing, waste management
- Support mine operations with Mine.io technologies
- Infrastructure (*field tier*)
 - Drill rigs, TSL, furnace systems, IoT sensors, robots
- Data acquisition and control (*work cell tier*)
 - UAV, control units
- Data Preprocessing, utilization and monitoring (*pilot tier*)

HLRA: Mine.io Platform Infrastructure Layer

Enabling Data Integration & Management:

- Remote Sensing and Edge Computing
- Data Storage and Availability
 - Mine.io Big Data Platform
 - Repositories (pilot driven or cloud based)
- Interoperability and Data Models
 - ISO 10303 PLM/SDM Module
- Security and Governance

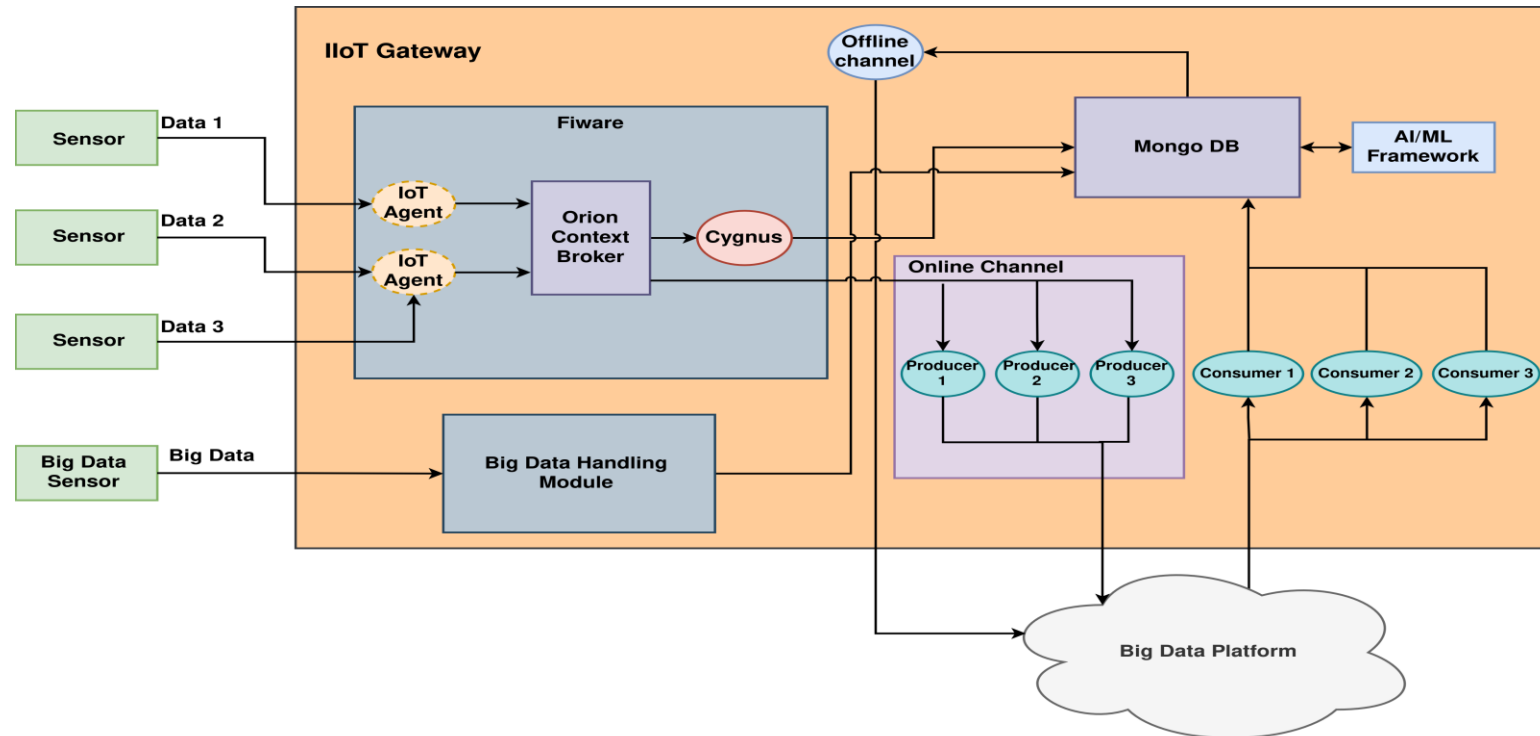


HLRA: Platform Layer – *Edge computing*

- Enables integration of diverse IoT devices, local systems, and pilot-specific data sources within a common architecture
- Based on FIWARE approach
 - Collect data from various sources
 - Support real time data acquisition and streaming
 - Support environments with limited internet connectivity
- Monitoring capabilities of mine operations
- Pipeline from mine to the platform
 - Real-time pipeline
 - Non-real-time pipeline
 - Big Data pipeline
- Utilize synchronous and asynchronous communication channels provided by the Mine.io Big Data Platform

HLRA: Platform Layer – *Edge computing*

- Bridge between pilot systems and the BDP
- IIoT Gateway as the integration hub
- FIWARE-based sensor data ingestion
- Separate channels for real-time, offline, and large-volume data
- Connector-based communication with the BDP



HLRA: Platform Layer – *Data Storage (BDP)*

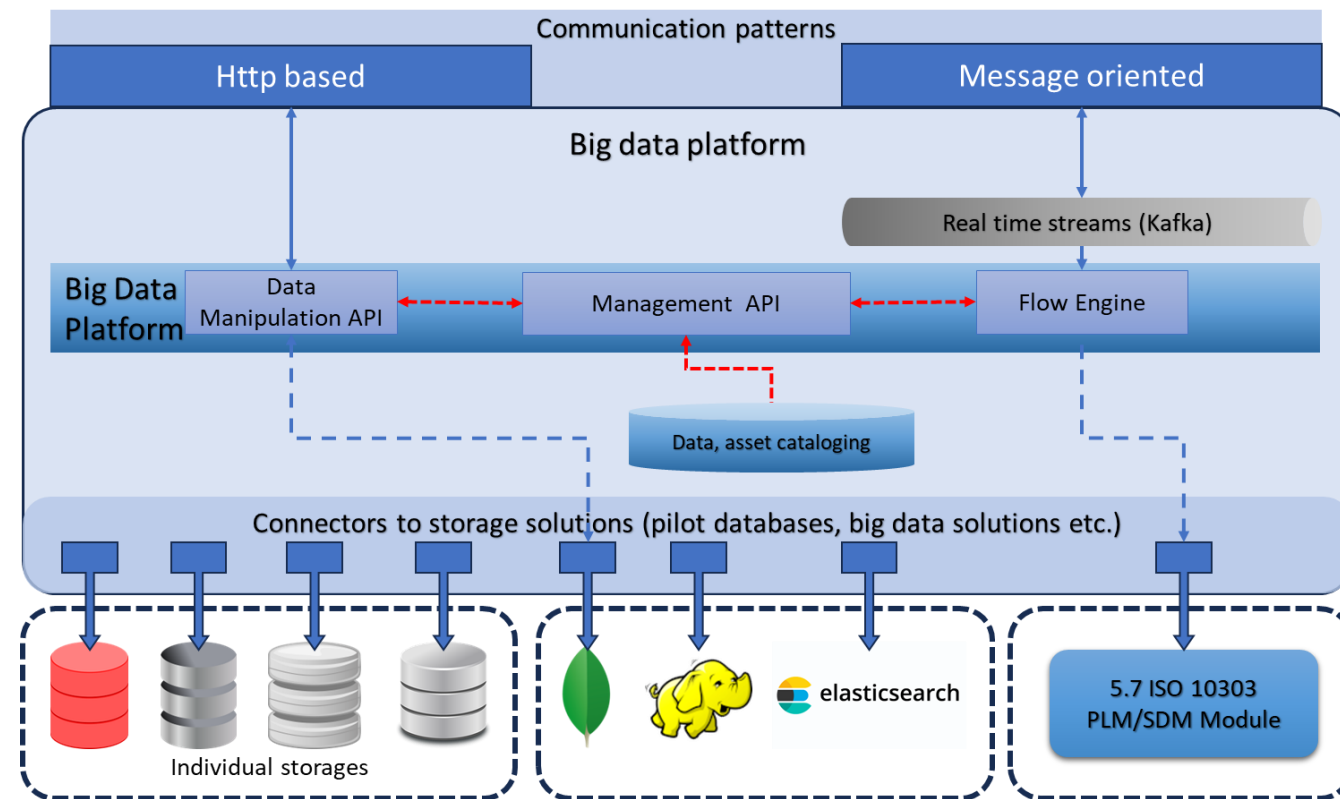
Challenges:

- Data heterogeneity
 - Sensorial, images, 2D-3D, files
- Individual data storages (siloe solutions)
- Lack of interoperability
 - No common access to the data
 - No data indexing – availability
- Different types of data
 - Stream of real time data, data batches
- Data Consistency – Availability – Persistence

HLRA: Platform Layer – *Data Storage (BDP)*

Layered approach for Big Data Platform

- **Communication layer:**
 - Supports two different communication patterns: synchronous and asynchronous (real-time data streaming and historical data)
- **Management layer:**
 - Enables indexing and searching
 - Support dynamic flow definition and execution
- **Connectors layer:**
 - Enables storage solutions and system interoperability
 - Expandable list
- **Storage layer:** Support a variety of storage solutions (individual and commercial ones)



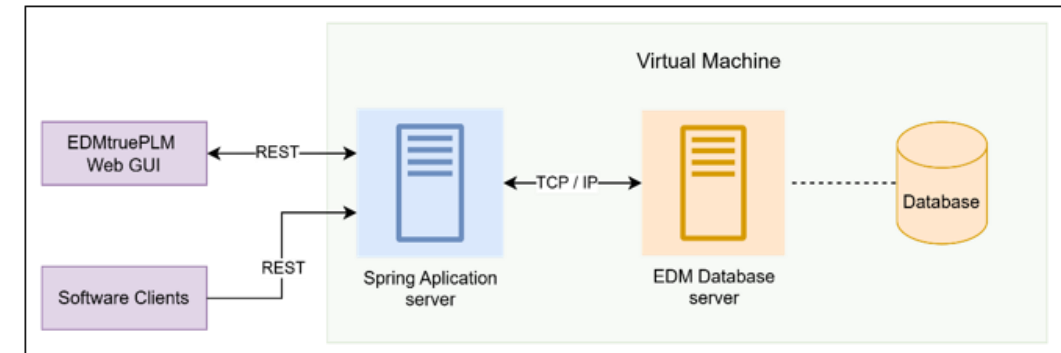
HLRA: Platform Layer – *Security & Governance*

- STRIDE threat analysis and DREAD risk prioritization across the full Mine.io component landscape
- Keycloak IAM providing least-privilege access control across all platform actors — sensors, autonomous machinery, operators, and subcontractors
- Cyber-Secure autonomous machines:
- DDS security stack: PKI-based authentication and AES-GCM-GMAC encryption on the autonomous vehicle interface
- Runtime monitoring for semantic validation of control commands, independent of cryptographic enforcement
- Privacy-preserving ABAC via homomorphic encryption: authorization decisions without exposing underlying user attributes

HLRA: Platform Layer – *Interoperability & Data Models*

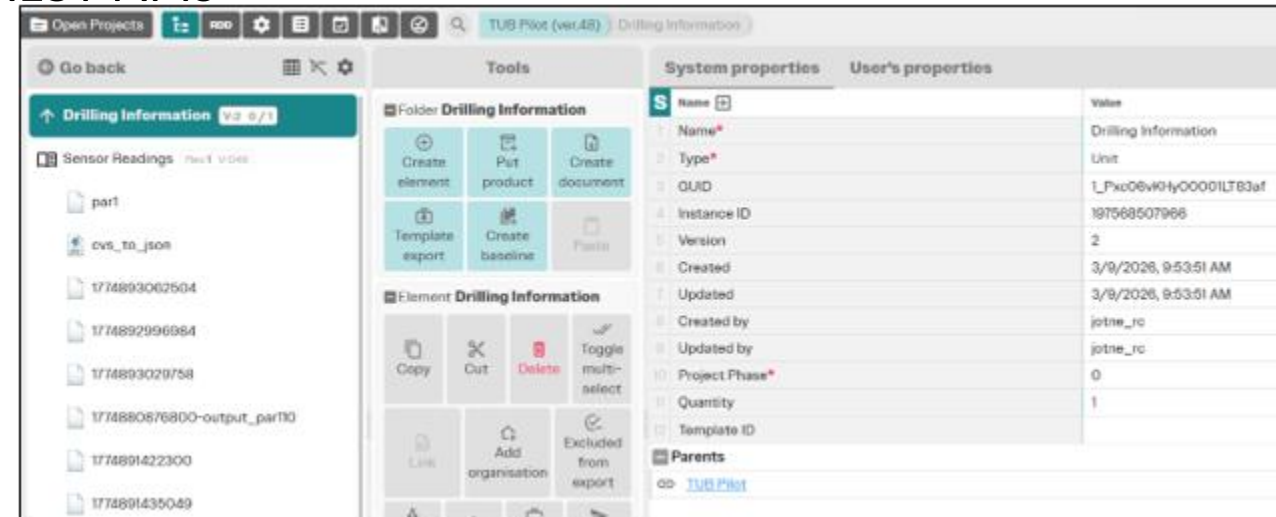
- The PLM Module is a central ISO 10303 repository for project and product data.
- The Mine.io objective of product data management extends EDMtruePLM into a cloud-capable IoT repository with rich data exchange capabilities.
- The repository is the core component of the PLM Module. Contains:
 - Product data, reference data, and system data
 - Archived models
 - The queries to update and retrieve the data.

Types of reference data	Reference data values					
Node type	All types					
Issue type	Name *	Inherited from	Type	Description	Role	Subject
Issue relationship type	Name *		Identification	Name of the breakdown element	Breakdown Element Name	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Issue time	Type *		Classification	Type of the element	Node type	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Issue person role	GUID *		Identification	Global unique id of the element	Breakdown Element Identification Code	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT
Subdomain roles	Instance ID *		Identification	Instance id of the breakdown_element in target data model	Instance ID	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT
Breakdown relationship roles	Version *		Identification	Breakdown revision number of the element was creation	Version Identification Code	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Organisation roles	Description *		Description	Description of the breakdown element	Breakdown Element Description	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Breakdown element type	Created *		DateTime	Date time of the element creation	Creation Time	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT
Breakdown element properties	Updated *		DateTime	The last date time of the element update	Date Actual Modified	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Breakdown system properties	Created by *		Person	User who created the breakdown element	Creator	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT
Product element type	Updated by *		Person	The last user who updated the breakdown element	Updated by	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_VERSION
Product element properties	Project Phase *		Classification	Project phase when the element was added	Phase	BREAKDOWN_ELEMENT_DEFINITION
Product domains						
Product stages						



HLRA: Platform Layer – *Interoperability & Data Models*

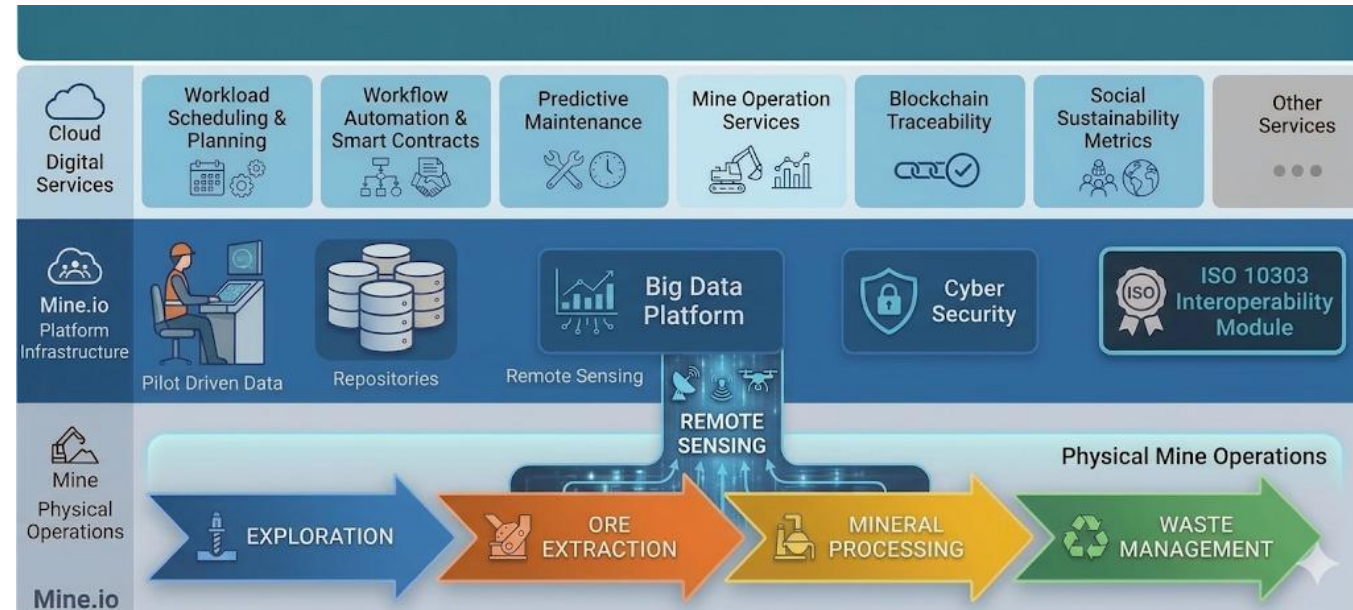
- The EDMtruePLM repository acts as a central integration point
 - RESTful APIs for seamless machine-to-machine communication
 - Ensures interoperability by using the ISO 10303 (AP239 PLCS) standard
 - Enables consistent product lifecycle data exchange across heterogeneous systems
- Data is transferred to the PLM module via REST APIs
- The architecture supports both:
 - Real-time data ingestion (online streaming)
 - Historical data access (repository storage)



HLRA: Service Layer

From Data to Value

- AI/ML models for predictive maintenance
- Workload scheduling
- Workflow automation
- Blockchain traceability
- Social Sustainability
- Visualization dashboards and reporting tools
- APIs for third-party services and stakeholder access



Closing the Loop – *Value & Impact*

- Improved operational efficiency and reduced downtime via:
 - *real-time, edge-to-cloud data processing and predictive analytics*
- Enhanced sustainability and environmental monitoring with:
 - *continuous monitoring and data-driven resource optimization*
- Data-driven decision-making across the mining lifecycle through:
 - *integrated and interoperable data ecosystems*
- Scalable and reusable digital infrastructure for future pilots by:
 - *supporting seamless integration of new pilots, systems, and services*
- Enhanced data accessibility and discoverability leveraging:
 - *asset cataloguing, Open APIs, and standardized data models (ISO 10303)*



MINE.IO

A Holistic Digital Mine 4.0 Ecosystem

Thank you for your attention!

Dr. George Kouzas – Innov-acts



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